The New Realities Of Increased Network Traffic

By David Burr, Vice President, Business Development, Comtech EF Data

Telecom providers are dealing with unprecedented internet traffic volume during the current COVID-19 crisis as more people are working from home during lockdowns. The Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) released a report on this subject in May of 2020 entitled “Keeping the Internet up and running in times of crisis,” which showed that a majority of countries reported more than 25 percent increase in traffic volume and some countries even experienced more than a 50 percent increase in internet traffic. In the United Kingdom, the daytime broadband usage increased by 35 to 60 percent when compared to pre-crisis levels.

Communications application usage has skyrocketed, with WhatsApp reporting that voice call volume has doubled and videoconferencing applications such as ZOOM and Cisco’s WebEx reporting that their usage has increased a mind-blowing 24x to 30x.

The industry consensus is that even once lockdowns are lifted that traffic volumes will remain higher than pre-crisis levels. According to sources, such as the Technology Services Industry Association whose members say that some form of working from home is here to stay. While employees will return to offices, many will continue to work from home at least part of the time. Facebook has said that half of its employees will be allowed to work from home permanently. In-person events and conferences have been replaced by webinars, a trend that is expected to continue even after the current crisis subsides.

As companies move more of their work online, they have accelerated digital transformation projects which further increase the number of applications running on networks. So even after the current crisis has passed, we expect network traffic to be significantly higher than it was before the crisis. This is on top of the “normal” Internet traffic growth of around 25 percent per year.
Many telcos have been able to accommodate the additional demand within their deployed terrestrial infrastructure. In Korea, network loading is still only 45 to 60 percent of network capacity even with the additional traffic demand. Many telcos have a policy of increasing network capacity when loading reaches 50 percent, so they are prepared to accommodate this kind of surge within their existing infrastructure.

Communities operating with satellite connections don’t have this luxury. With the high cost of satellite capacity, it is not practical to provide the same level of headroom on satellite links. Satellite link data rates are optimized for specific needs rather than adopting standardized link rates which are common in fiber networks. New solutions are required to address changes in traffic demands such as the COVID-19 crisis.

Increasing the satellite modem data rate only goes so far before transponder size becomes the limiting factor. Load balancing across multiple modems to support bonded data paths could be the next logical step provided you deploy a properly designed solution. The load balancer needs to know the link rates of the parallel paths to allocate traffic properly. Adaptive Coding and Modulation (ACM) has become widely adopted to deal with rain fades, but it results in variable data rates.

When the links data rates don’t vary in concert with each other.

Increasing the satellite link bandwidth introduces another issue, the ability to fill such a large pipe. Demand for higher bandwidth is not just about increased number of users, but also the increased amount of content per user. Access to internet content largely relies on one protocol: TCP. TCP has two drawbacks. It is sensitive to delay, and to packet errors or packet drops.

This is not a concern when the overall latency or delay between the client (end user) and the server (content provider, cloud application) is small, but can become a major issue that affects user experience — or QoE — when delay reaches 100 ms or more. Example, with a typical client to server delay of 350 to 250 ms GEO latency plus 50 ms network delay — access + internet, the maximum user session achievable throughput will be 7 Mbps, but with packet errors of only 0.5 percent, the throughput will drop to 280 kbps. In today’s environment, simply accessing content is not good enough. To be deemed as “usable,” internet access must be fast and smooth.

Fortunately, there is a solution to these problems: adding a Protocol Enhancement Proxy (PEP) function. The purpose of the PEP is two-fold:

- Mitigate latency by accelerating TCP sessions throughput and response time
- Managing retransmissions due to packet loss to avoid TCP retransmission and loss of throughput
For these reasons, PEP is an essential function of any high-speed Internet access trunking solution over a latent medium such as satellite. The ideal solution would:

- Support Gbps of traffic by bonding multiple carriers operating on different transponders
- Ensure those bonded links keep traffic flow packet ordering end to end
- Accommodate changing link conditions from rain fade or interference using ACM
- Mitigate satellite latency adversely affecting the behavior of Internet access (TCP) protocol
- Maximize the utilization by ensuring that individual carriers are equally and fully loaded
- Ensure a high level of end user Quality of Service (QoS) quality of service and QoE

Operators need solutions that can deal with growing traffic demands and overcome the physical limitations of transponder size and rain fade in an efficient, cost-effective manner.

**The Link Bonding Solution**

Networks have become more complicated. Operating at very high data rates requires that networking functions need to be distributed across multiple devices and those functions need to be tightly integrated to ensure high performance, reliability and a good QoE. The Comtech EF Data High-Speed Trunking Solution is comprised of:

- **The CDM-760 Advanced High-Speed Trunking and Broadcast Modem** – supporting more than 1.4 Gbps of user traffic with ACM to maximize transponder utilization in all conditions
- **The HX Series WAN Optimization Load Balancer** – providing the ability to combine up to 12 physical carriers into a single logical network connection while maintaining packet flow packet ordering
- **The FX Series WAN Optimization** – providing WAN optimization (WANOp) including TCP acceleration and DNS caching to provide high end user QoE

**Integrated Feedback**

Feedback of the modem ACM state to the load balancer and Traffic Shaper is critical in order to efficiently maximize the link fill rate in all conditions, especially on Ku- and Ka-band links where the link bandwidth can vary considerably. This link information is used by the HX Series load balancer to ensure that the links are loaded equally and by the FX Series WAN Optimizer to ensure that the QoS traffic shaping policies are applied accurately.

The link loading can vary significantly due to differences in long- and short-term traffic flows and variations in the compression rates of different traffic. The HX compensates for these factors by monitoring the individual carrier loading and redirecting traffic so that the carriers are equally loaded.

The FX Series’ shaping and queuing function prioritizes traffic using the QoS traffic type information carried in the packet header to ensure that the high priority traffic is protected even when the link is congested. When the FX Series appliance is connected to multiple modems through a HX load balancer, then the sum of the modem data rates is used to shape the overall traffic. The system uses Flow Aware Load Balancing to avoid packet re-ordering and minimize jitter. It also has the support of satellite links with different latencies and throughput capacities.

**Transparent Universal Network Operation**

Today’s telecom networks have to service a variety of users, so the networks need to operate with a mixture of traffic types including “plain old internet,” mobile network backhaul (LTE) and Layer 2/3 VPN private network traffic. It is important to do this without requiring manual configurations so the systems should provide universal network support in a plug and play fashion.

The Comtech EF Data solution provides fully transparent operation with Layer 2 and Layer 3 operation supporting Internet access, mobile network (LTE) backhaul, MPLS private networking (MPLS VPN), and QinQ VLANs.
Telco Grade
Reliability is always important. However, for high-speed links serving large numbers of end users, it is absolutely critical that the solution operate with telco grade resiliency. Comtech EF Data’s solution includes support for backup units and path redundancy, hot swap power supplies and fail to wire functionality.

Customer Case Study
Comtech EF Data had exactly this challenge with one of our customers. Telesat Canada needed to meet rising traffic needs of rural communities in far Northern Canada (see image below). The project needed to deliver 14 Gbps of capacity to 25 remote communities with speeds ranging from 80 Mbps up to 3 Gbps. The network would feed local DSL and 4G networks which required high bandwidth and optimized (TCP accelerated and performance optimized) broadband services. The services were to be provided using 3 beams on a Ka-band satellite.

Conclusion
Comtech’s solution is field-proven and has been successfully deployed with bonded links offering more than 3 Gbps of user traffic over Ka-band satellites. With the post crisis “new normal” world certain to include higher Internet traffic volumes, more and more operators will reach the limits of the existing satellite solutions.

Comtech EF Data’s integrated link bonding solution provides operators with an important tool to support increasing traffic efficiently while maintaining a high quality of experience.

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Solving the VSAT Puzzle

When you select Comtech for your VSAT platform, you can have confidence that we’ll provide the pieces to solve the puzzle. We start with the industry’s most advanced hardware and software solutions, enabling the highest user throughput and availability, optimal resource utilization and premier quality of experience. Then, we provide technical training followed by professional installation and service commissioning wherever our systems are sold, and 24/7 x 365 engineering support in 5 time zones.

Contact us today. Let us show you how the efficiencies and flexibility of our platforms can help address the complexities of your global VSAT network.

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