# **CDM-625 Advanced Satellite Modem**





# **Overview**

The CDM-625 Advanced Satellite Modem builds on our legacy of providing the most efficient satellite modems. It was our first modem to combine advanced Forward Error Correction (FEC) such as VersaFEC<sup>®</sup> and Low Density Parity Check (LDPC) codes with the revolutionary DoubleTalk<sup>®</sup> Carrier-in-Carrier<sup>®</sup> bandwidth compression, allowing for maximum savings under all conditions. This combination of advanced technologies enables multi-dimensional optimization, allowing satellite communications users to:

- Minimize operating expenses (OPEX)
- Maximize throughput without using additional transponder resources
- · Maximize availability (margin) without using additional transponder resources
- Minimize capital expenses (CAPEX) by allowing a smaller BUC/HPA and/or antenna
- Or, a combination to meet specific business needs

### **Features**

- DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier bandwidth compression
- Carrier-in-Carrier Automatic Power Control
- Adaptive Coding and Modulation (ACM)
- Packet Processor with header compression, payload compression, advanced Quality of Service (QoS) and Managed Switch Mode
- 4-port managed Ethernet switch with VLAN and QoS
- Jumbo frame support
- Dual Band Capability: 70/140 MHz and L-Band in same unit, extended L-Band receive
- Data Rate: 18 kbps to 25 Mbps
- Symbol Rate: 18 ksps to 12.5 Msps
- Modulation: BPSK, QPSK/OQPSK, 8PSK/8-QAM, 16-QAM
- FEC: Viterbi, Sequential, Concatenated Reed Solomon, TCM, Turbo Product Code (TPC) (IESS-315 Compliant), LDPC Code and VersaFEC (low-latency LDPC)
- Widest Range of data interfaces: EIA-422/530, V.35, G.703 T1, G.703 E1, G.703 T2, G.703 E2, Quad G.703 E1, ASI, LVDS, HSSI, 4-port 10/100Base-T Ethernet
- IEEE 1588v2 Precision Time Protocol
- Sub Mux to multiplex IP/Ethernet traffic with serial or G.703 traffic
- Drop & insert for T1/E1
- Enhanced D&I++ for single T1/E1 & quad E1
- Management: 10/100Base-T Ethernet with SNMP, Distant End SNMP Proxy, HTTP, Telnet and EIA-232/EIA-485
- Carrier ID using MetaCarrier<sup>®</sup> Technology
- Embedded Distant-end Monitor and Control (EDMAC)
- Automatic Uplink Power Control (AUPC)
- Engineering Service Channel (ESC/ESC++)
- Standard high-stability internal reference (± 6 x 10<sup>-8</sup>)
- 5-tap Adaptive Equalizer
- L-Band TX: 10 MHz reference for BUC, FSK communications and optional BUC power supply
- L-Band: Advanced FSK for LPOD M&C
- L-Band RX: 10 MHz reference and LNB power supply
- Open network modes
- 1:1 and 1:10 redundancy switches available



#### **Typical Users**

- Mobile Network Operators
- Telecom Operators
- Satellite Service Providers
- Government & Military
- Enterprise
- Offshore
- Olishore

# **Common Applications**

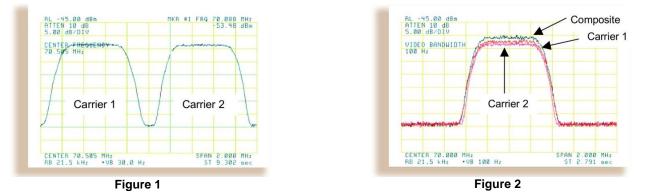
- Mobile Backhaul
- G.703 Trunking
- IP Trunking
- Offshore & Maritime Communications
- Enterprise
- Communications on-the-Move
- Satellite News Gathering

# **Doubletalk Carrier-In-Carrier**

DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier, based on patented "Adaptive Cancellation" technology, allows transmit and receive carriers of a duplex link to share the same transponder space. DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier is complementary to all advances in modem technology, including advanced FEC and modulation techniques. As these technologies approach theoretical limits of power and bandwidth efficiencies, DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier utilizing advanced signal processing techniques provides a new dimension in bandwidth efficiency.

Figure 1 shows the typical full-duplex satellite link, where the two carriers are adjacent to each other.

Figure 2 shows the typical DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier operation, where the two carriers are overlapping, thus sharing the same spectrum.



When observed on a spectrum analyzer, only the Composite is visible. Carrier 1 and Carrier 2 are shown in Figure 2 for reference only.

As DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier allows equivalent spectral efficiency using a lower order modulation and/or code rate, it can simultaneously reduce CAPEX by allowing a smaller BUC/HPA and/or antenna. Alternatively, DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier can be used to achieve very high spectral efficiencies E.g., DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier when used with 16-QAM approaches the bandwidth efficiency of 256-QAM (8 bps/Hz).

When combined with VersaFEC or LDPC/TPC, it can provide unprecedented savings in transponder bandwidth and power utilization. This allows for its successful deployment in bandwidth-limited and power-limited scenarios, as well as reduction in earth station BUC/HPA power requirements.

Carrier-in-Carrier<sup>®</sup> is a Registered Trademark of Comtech EF Data DoubleTalk<sup>®</sup> is a Registered Trademark of Raytheon Applied Signal Technology VersaFEC<sup>®</sup> is a Registered Trademark of Comtech EF Data

# Carrier-in-Carrier Automatic Power Control (CnC-APC)

The patent-pending Carrier-in-Carrier Automatic Power Control (CnC-ÁPC) mechanism enables modems on both sides of a CnC link to automatically measure and compensate for rain loss while maintaining the Total Composite Power. In addition to automatically compensating for rain loss, CnC-APC also enables the modems to share link margin, i.e. a modem in clear sky conditions can effectively transfer excess link margin to a distant end modem experiencing fade, thereby further enhancing overall availability.

# VersaFEC Forward Error Correction

CDM-625 is the first modem to offer VersaFEC, a patent-pending system of high performance short-block low-latency LDPC codes designed to support latency-sensitive applications, such as cellular backhaul over satellite. VersaFEC provides excellent coding gain with lowest possible latency. VersaFEC's Eb/No performance is similar to that of DVB-S2 (short block) or LDPC (16k block) with 70-90% lower latency. Compared to TPC, VersaFEC can provide coding gain of 1.0 dB or more.

The new Ultra Low Latency (ULL) codes provide even lower latency compared to standard VersaFEC codes.

# Adaptive Coding & Modulation (ACM)

Satellite users have traditionally relied on worst case link margin to overcome rain fade which leads to significant inefficiencies. ACM converts the fade margin into increased throughput – gain of 100% or more is possible. ACM maximizes throughput under all conditions – rain fade, inclined orbit satellite operation, antenna mis-pointing, noise, interference and other impairments.

ACM can also be used with DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier.

# Low Density Parity Check Codes (LDPC) & Turbo Product Codes (TPC)

CDM-625 offers an integrated LDPC and 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation TPC codec. LDPC is an advanced Forward Error Correction technique capable of providing performance much closer to Shannon limit. The current LDPC implementation can provide 0.7 to 1.2 dB additional coding gain compared to an equivalent TPC code.

In order to take full advantage of the increased coding gain provided by LDPC, Comtech EF Data has developed a patented 8-QAM modulation that allows for acquisition and tracking at much lower Eb/No compared to 8PSK.

# **Dual Band Capability**

CDM-625 supports 70/140 MHz and L-Band capability in the same unit with independently selectable transmit and receive IF. This simplifies sparing and stocking in networks requiring 70/140 MHz and L-Band units.

# 4-Port Managed Ethernet Switch with VLAN & QoS

CDM-625 base modem incorporates a 4-port 10/100Base-T managed Ethernet switch with VLAN capability and priority-based Quality of Service. Access (Native) Mode and Trunk Mode are supported. Traffic can be prioritized using port-based priority or VLAN priority. The maximum Ethernet frame size with Rev 2 HW is 2048 bytes.

# **Packet Processor**

The Packet Processor enables efficient IP networking and transport over satellite by adding routing capability with very low overhead encapsulation, header compression, payload compression and Quality of Service to the CDM-625. The advanced QoS combined with header and payload compression ensures the highest quality of service with minimal jitter and latency for real-time traffic, priority treatment of mission critical applications and maximum bandwidth efficiency.

#### Header Compression

The Packet Processor incorporates industry-leading header compression for IP traffic. Header compression can reduce the 40 byte IP/UDP/RTP header to as little as 1 byte. For TCP/IP, the 40 byte header is reduced to as little as 3 bytes. For applications such as VoIP, header compression can provide bandwidth savings exceeding 60%. E.g. the 8 kbps G.729 voice codec requires 24 kbps of IP bandwidth once encapsulated into an IP/UDP/RTP datagram. With header compression, the same voice call needs about 8.5 kbps – a saving of almost 65%. And, bandwidth requirements for typical Web/HTTP traffic can be reduced by 10% or more with TCP/IP header compression.

### **Payload Compression**

The Packet Processor incorporates industry-leading payload compression for IP traffic. Implemented in the hardware for maximum throughput and efficiency, payload compression can reduce the required satellite bandwidth by as much as 40-50%.

#### Streamline Encapsulation (SLE)

The Packet Processor incorporates Comtech EF Data's patent-pending very low overhead Streamline Encapsulation (SLE). SLE can reduce the encapsulation overhead by as much as 65% compared to industry standard HDLC.

#### Advanced Quality of Service (QoS)

The Packet Processor incorporates multi-level QoS to ensure the highest quality service with minimal jitter and latency for real-time traffic, priority treatment of mission critical applications and maximum bandwidth efficiency.

Supported modes are:

- DiffServ Industry-standard method of providing QoS enabling seamless co-existence in networks that implement DiffServ
- · Max/Priority Provides multi-level traffic prioritization with the ability to limit maximum traffic per priority class
- Min/Max Provides a Committed Information Rate (CIR) to each user defined class of traffic with the ability to allow a higher burstable rate depending on availability

#### Managed Switch Mode

Managed switch modem enables layer 2 operation with the Packet Processor. This provides significant bandwidth savings for layer 2 operation with very low overhead Streamline Encapsulation, header compression and payload compression.

# Quad E1 Interface (QDI) with Enhanced D&I++

The CDM-625 supports a Quad E1 interface that can aggregate up to four full or fractional E1s into a single carrier, with very low overhead. This provides significant CAPEX savings by reducing the number of modems and could possibly reduce the BUC/HPA size by eliminating the multi-carrier backoff. A proprietary, closed network drop & insert (D&I++) allows for dropping or inserting any combination of 1 to 31 time slots on each E1. D&I++ is supported for E1-CCS only.

# **IP Sub Multiplexer**

The IP sub mux allows multiplexing IP/Ethernet traffic with serial or G.703 traffic into a single carrier. This is particularly useful for cellular backhaul when both E1 and IP backhaul is required. This reduces the number of modems and could possibly reduce the BUC/HPA size by eliminating the multi-carrier backoff. The IP sub mux ratio ranges from 9:1 (IP data rate is 9 times that of the serial or G.703 data rate) to as low as 1:59.

# **EDMAC & AUPC**

The CDM-625 supports EDMAC, EDMAC-2, EDMAC-3 and AUPC. EDMAC/EDMAC-2/EDMAC-3 can be used to monitor and control the distant end of a satellite link using a proprietary overhead channel. EDMAC-3 is also used for SNMP management of the distant end modem. AUPC enables automatic uplink power control for a duplex link.

# **Management & SNMP Proxy**

The modem can be managed via the front panel, the remote M&C port (EIA-232/EIA-485), or the 10/100Base-T Ethernet port. With support for SNMP, HTTP and Telnet, the modem can be easily integrated into an IP-based management system.

The CDM-625 can also act as SNMP proxy for the distant end modem. This allows distant end modem management using SNMP without requiring an end-to-end IP link.

# IEEE 1588v2 Precision Time Protocol (PTP)

PTP has emerged as the key technology for frequency, time and phase synchronization over a packet network. The CDM-625 is the first satellite modem to incorporate hardware support for PTP, thereby significantly improving synchronization accuracy for satellite backhaul. PTP requires Revision 2 modem hardware.

# Advanced FSK for LPOD Monitoring & Control

The Advanced FSK allows for monitoring and control of LPOD through modem front panel menus, serial remote control and Telnet.

#### **Feature Enhancements**

Enhancing the capability of the CDM-625 in the field is easy. Features that do not require additional hardware can be added on site, using FAST access codes purchased from Comtech EF Data.

### **Specifications**

| specification  | 5   |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| Data Rate  | 18 kbps to 25 Mbps, in 1 bps steps<br>(modulation, FEC & data interface dependent)  | Data Interfaces                                       |  |  |
| Symbol Rate  | 18 ksps to 12.5 Msps  |   | Mhoc   |  |
| Operating  | 50 – 180 MHz (standard) and   | EIA-422/-530 DCE, Up to 14 Mbps                       |  | 25-pin D-sub (female)  |
| Frequency  | 950 – 2000 MHz (TX) & 950 – 2150 MHz (RX) (Option),   | V.35 DCE, Up to 14 Mbps<br>LVDS Serial, Up to 25 Mbps |  |  |
|  | (Note: extended L-Band receive supported on modems  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |  | 25-pin D-sub (female)  |
|  | shipped since January 2013)   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                       | HSSI Serial, Up to 25 Mbps   |  |
|  | 100 Hz resolution, independent TX and RX operation  | G.703 T1, 1.544 Mbps                                  |  |  |
| Major Operating  | Open network, per IESS-308 / 309 / 310 / 314  | (Balanced 100 Ω)                                      |  | -  |
| Modes  | transparent, closed network per IESS-315  | G.703 T2, 6.312 Mbps                                  |  |  |
| (See User Manual   | LDPC / TPC Codec (optional plug-in module)  | (Unbalanced 75 $\Omega$ or balance                    | a  |  |
| for Details)   | VersaFEC Codec (optional plug-in module) with ACM or  | Ω)<br>G.703 E1, 2.048 Mbps                            |  | 9-pin D-sub (female)   |
|  |   |   | . d  | or   |
|  | EDMAC Framed with/without AUPC  | (Unbalanced 75 $\Omega$ or balanced                   |  | BNC (female)   |
|  | RS Outer Codec  | 120 Ω)  |  | -  |
|  | High rate ESC / Enhanced ESC (ESC++)  | G.703 E2, 8.448 Mbps (Unba                            | lianced 75 $\Omega$ )  |  |
|  | Drop & insert (D&I) /Enhanced D&I++   | ASI, Up to 25 Mbps                                    |  | BNC (female)   |
|  | Quad E1 drop & insert (QDI)   | Additional 2.048 Mbps E1 Ports for Quad-              |  | 9-pin D-sub (female)   |
| FFC Options  | DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier (optional plug-in module)   | E1 (Balanced 120 Ω)                                   |  | ,  |
| FEC Options  | Upgeded BBCK/ODCK/OODCK   | Overhead Data   |  | 44-pin High-density D-sub (male)   |
| None   | Uncoded BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK   | Modem Alarms  |  | 15-pin D-sub (male)  |
| Viterbi: k=7, per<br>IESS-308/309                                      | Rate 1/2 BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK<br>Rate 3/4 QPSK/OQPSK   | 4-port 10/100Base-T Manage                            | ea ⊨thernet  | 4 D   45   |
| 1233-308/309   | Rate 3/4 QPSK/OQPSK<br>Rate 7/8 QPSK/OQPSK  | Switch  |  | 4 x RJ-45  |
| Viterbi with Reed  | Rate 3/4 16-QAM   | (Optional Packet Processor A                          | avaliable)   | l  |
| Solomon  | Rate 7/8 16-QAM   |   |  |  |
| Sequential   | See CDM-625 user manual for details   | Modulator   |  | (  |
| Reed Solomon   | Open network and closed network modes   | Frequency Stability                                   |  | (± 6 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> ), 0° to 50°C (32° to  |
| TCM (Per IESS-   | 8PSK/TCM Rate 2/3   |   | /  | internal reference   |
| 310)   | or on town tale 2/3   | Transmit Filtering                                    | Per IESS-3   | 08   |
| Integrated LDPC  | LDPC Code Rates   | Transmit Filter Rolloff                               | 25%, 35%   |  |
| and TPC (2 <sup>nd</sup> Gen)  | Rate 1/2 BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK  | Harmonics and Spurious                                |  | -60 dBc/4 kHz  |
| Codec (Optional  | Rate 2/3 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM  |   |  | 65 dBc/4kHz)   |
| Plug-in Module)  | Rate 3/4 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM/16-QAM   |   | (50-180 MF   | rom 1 to 500 MHz   |
| · ···g ········)   | TPC Code Rates  |   |  | $F_0 \pm 500 \text{ MHz}$  |
|  | Rate 5/16 BPSK  |   | (950-2000  |  |
|  | Rate 21/44 BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK  | Transmit On/Off Ratio                                 | -60 dBc mi   |  |
|  | Rate 3/4 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM/16-QAM   | Output Phase Noise                                    |  | ns double sided, 100 Hz to 1 MHz   |
|  | Rate 7/8 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM/16-QAM   | ouput hade Helde                                      |  | 6 dB better overall than the Intelsat  |
|  | Rate 0.95 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM   |   |  | 809 requirements)  |
| VersaFEC Codec   | BPSK Rate 0.488   |   | dB/Hz  | Frequency Offset   |
| (Optional Plug-in  | QPSK Rate 0.533, 0.631, 0.706, 0.803  |   | -63.0  | 100 Hz   |
| Module)  | 8-QAM Rate 0.576 (ECCM), 0.642, 0.711, 0.780  |   | -73.0  | 1 kHz  |
|  | 16-QAM Rate 0.644 (ECCM), 0.731, 0.780, 0.829, 0.853  |   | -83.0  | 10 kHz   |
|  | BPSK 0.493 (ULL)  |   | -93.0  | 100 kHz  |
| 0  | QPSK 0.493, 0.654, 0.734 (ULL)  |   |  | al AC line spurious is -42 dBc or lower  |
| Scrambling   | IDR Mode, no RS, - per ITU V.35 (Intelsat variant)  |   |  | all other single sideband spurious,  |
|  | IBS mode, no RS - per IESS-309, externally frame<br>synchronized  |   |  | 75 x symbol rate, is -48 dBc or lower  |
|  | Transparent Closed Network mode, no RS or Turbo coding -  | Output Power  | 50-180 MH  |  |
|  | per ITU V.35 (Intelsat variant)   |   |  | m, 0.1 dB steps  |
|  | EDMAC mode, no RS coding - externally frame   |   | 950-2000 N   |  |
|  | synchronized - proprietary  | <b>D</b>  |  | m, 0.1 dB steps  |
|  | Turbo Product Code/LDPC/VersaFEC modes - externally   | Power Accuracy  | 50-180 MH  |  |
|  | frame synchronized - proprietary  |   |  | er frequency, data rate, modulation  |
|  | All RS modes - externally frame synchronized per IESS-  |   |  | mperature range of 15 to 35° C   |
|  | 308/309/310   |   |  | er frequency, data rate, modulation  |
|  |   |   |  | mperature range of 0 to 50° C  |
| Management   | 10/100Base-T Ethernet with SNMP, HTTP and Telnet  |   |  |  |
| Management   |   |   | $\frac{950-2000 \text{ N}}{\pm 0.7 \text{ dB}}$                                      |  |
|  | 10/100Base-T Ethernet with SNMP, HTTP and Telnet<br>support, EIA-232, EIA-485 (2- or 4-wire)  |   | ± 0.7 dB ov  | er frequency, data rate, modulation  |
|  | 10/100Base-T Ethernet with SNMP, HTTP and Telnet  |   | ± 0.7 dB ov<br>type and te   | er frequency, data rate, modulation mperature range of 15 to 35° C   |
| Form C Relays  | 10/100Base-T Ethernet with SNMP, HTTP and Telnet<br>support, EIA-232, EIA-485 (2- or 4-wire)<br>Hardware fault, RX and TX traffic alarms, open network  |   | $\pm$ 0.7 dB ov<br>type and te<br>$\pm$ 1.0 dB ov                                    | er frequency, data rate, modulation<br>mperature range of 15 to 35° C<br>rer frequency, data rate, modulation  |
| Form C Relays<br>External Reference                                    | 10/100Base-T Ethernet with SNMP, HTTP and Telnet   support, EIA-232, EIA-485 (2- or 4-wire)   Hardware fault, RX and TX traffic alarms, open network   backward alarms   BNC connector  | Quinut Impedance & Potura                             | ± 0.7 dB ov<br>type and te<br>± 1.0 dB ov<br>type and te                             | er frequency, data rate, modulation<br>mperature range of 15 to 35° C<br>er frequency, data rate, modulation<br>mperature range of 0 to 50° C  |
| Form C Relays<br>External Reference                                    | 10/100Base-T Ethernet with SNMP, HTTP and Telnet   support, EIA-232, EIA-485 (2- or 4-wire)   Hardware fault, RX and TX traffic alarms, open network   backward alarms   BNC connector   Input: 1, 2, 5, or 10 MHz, -6 dBm to | Output Impedance & Return                             | $\pm$ 0.7 dB ov<br>type and te<br>$\pm$ 1.0 dB ov<br>type and te<br>50-180 MH        | er frequency, data rate, modulation<br>mperature range of 15 to 35° C<br>er frequency, data rate, modulation<br>mperature range of 0 to 50° C<br>z: 50 $\Omega/75 \Omega$ , 16 dB minimum return |
| Management<br>Form C Relays<br>External Reference<br>(Input OR Output) | 10/100Base-T Ethernet with SNMP, HTTP and Telnet   support, EIA-232, EIA-485 (2- or 4-wire)   Hardware fault, RX and TX traffic alarms, open network   backward alarms   BNC connector  | Output Impedance & Return<br>Loss                     | ± 0.7 dB ov<br>type and te<br>± 1.0 dB ov<br>type and te<br>50-180 MH<br>loss (18 dB | er frequency, data rate, modulation<br>mperature range of 15 to 35° C<br>er frequency, data rate, modulation<br>mperature range of 0 to 50° C  |

| Clocking Options                      | Internal, ± 0.06 ppm (SCT)<br>External, locking over a ± 100 ppm range (TT)<br>Loop timing (RX satellite clock) – supports<br>asymmetric operation<br>External clock  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| External TX Carrier Off               | By TTL 'low' signal or external contact closure   |
| BUC Reference                         | Via TX IF center conductor, 10.0 MHz  |
| (10 MHz)                              | $\pm$ 0.06 ppm (with internal reference), selectable on/off, 0.0 dBm $\pm$ 3 dB   |
| BUC Power Supply<br>(HW Option)       | 24 VDC, 4.17 Amps max., 90 W @ 50° C<br>48 VDC, 3.125 Amps max., 150 W @ 50° C (180<br>W @ 30° C)<br>Supplied through TX IF center conductor and<br>selectable on/off via M&C control   |
| Demodulator                           |   |
| Input Power Range, Desired<br>Carrier | 50-180 MHz: -105 + 10 log (symbol rate) to<br>-70 + 10 log (symbol rate) dBm<br>950-2150 MHz: -130 + 10 log (symbol rate) to -80 +<br>10 log (symbol rate) dBm  |
| Max Composite Operating<br>Level      | $\frac{50-180 \text{ MHz}}{94 - 10 \log (\text{symbol rate, desired carrier) dBc, +10} dBm max., with the additional requirement that within ± 10 MHz of the desired carrier the composite power is $\le +30 dBc $\rightarrow 50-2150 MHz$. 102 - 10 log (symbol rate, desired carrier) dBc, +10 dBm max., with the additional requirement that within ± 10 MHz of the desired carrier the composite power is $\le +30 dBc$.$ |
| Absolute Maximum                      | +20 dBm   |
| Adaptive Equalizer                    | 5-tap design, selectable on/off   |
| Acquisition Range                     | Programmable in 1kHz increments   |
| Below 64 ksymbols/sec                 | $\pm$ 1 kHz to $\pm$ (Rs/2) kHz, where Rs = symbol rate in ksymbols/sec   |
| Between 64 and 389 ksymbols/sec       | $\pm 1$ kHz to $\pm 32$ kHz   |
| Above 389 ksymbols/sec                | $\pm$ 1 kHz to $\pm$ (0.1 * Rs) kHz, up to a maximum of $\pm$ 200 kHz   |
| Acquisition Time                      | Highly dependent on data rate, FEC rate, and<br>demodulator acquisition range.<br>E.g.: 120 ms average at 64 kbps, R1/2 QPSK, ± 10<br>kHz acquisition sweep range,<br>6 dB Eb/No  |
| Plesiochronous/                       | Selectable from 64 to 262,144 bits, in 16-bit steps   |
| Doppler Buffer                        | (Additional limitations for G.704 frame boundaries)   |
| Receive Clock                         | RX satellite, TX terrestrial, external reference  |
| Clock Tracking                        | ± 100 ppm minimum   |
| LNB Reference (10 MHz)                | Via RX IF center conductor, 10.0 MHz<br>± 0.06 ppm (with internal reference), selectable<br>on/off, -3.0 dBm ± 3 dB   |
| LNB Voltage                           | Selectable on/off, 13 VDC, 18 VDC per DiSEq 4.2<br>and 24 VDC at 500 mA maximum   |
| Monitor Functions                     | $E_b/N_0$ estimate, corrected BER, frequency offset, buffer fill state, receive signal level  |

# DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier

| Delay Range   | 0 to 330 ms  |
|---|--|
| Power Spectral Density Ratio<br>(Interferer to Desired) | BSPK/QPSK/8PSK/8-QAM: -7 dB to +11 dB<br>16-QAM: -7 dB to +7 dB  |
| Maximum Symbol Rate Ratio                               | 3:1 (TX:RX or RX:TX)   |
| Eb/No Degradation                                       | 0 dB Power Spectral Density Ratio  |
|   | BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK: 0.3 dB  |
|   | 8-QAM: 0.4 dB  |
|   | 8PSK: 0.5 dB   |
|   | 16-QAM: 0.6 dB   |
|   | +10 dB power spectral density ratio  |
|   | Additional 0.3 dB  |
| Satellite Restrictions                                  | Satellite in "loop-back" mode (i.e., the transmit<br>station can receive itself)<br>"Non-processing" satellite (i.e., does not<br>demodulate or remodulate the signal) |

#### Available Options

| Hardware | 100 – 240 VAC, 175 W AC primary power supply   |
|----------|--|
| Hardware | -48 VDC, 125 W primary power supply  |
| Hardware | -24 VDC, 120 W primary power supply  |
| Hardware | 24 VDC, 90 W @ 50°C BUC power supply, AC, 24 VDC or 48 VDC primary power supply                                      |
| Hardware | 48 VDC, 150 W @ 50°C (180 W @ 30°C) BUC power supply,<br>AC or 48 VDC primary power supply                           |
| Hardware | Integrated TPC (2 <sup>nd</sup> generation) and LDPC Codec module  |
| Hardware | DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier module   |
| Hardware | VersaFEC Codec module  |
| Hardware | Packet Processor   |
| FAST     | L-Band IF (in addition to 70/140 MHz)  |
| FAST     | Modem data rate - 10 Mbps, 15 Mbps, 20 Mbps or 25 Mbps   |
| FAST     | 8PSK and 8-QAM modulation (8-QAM requires TPC/LDPC or<br>VersaFEC Codec)   |
| FAST     | 16-QAM modulation  |
| FAST     | TPC/LDPC Codec data rate – 10 Mbps, 15 Mbps, 20 Mbps or 25 Mbps  |
| FAST     | DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier (full) – 512 kbps, 1.1 Mbps, 2.5<br>Mbps, 5 Mbps, 10 Mbps, 15 Mbps, 20 Mbps or 25 Mbps |
| FAST     | DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier (fractional) – 2.5 Mbps, 5 Mbps, 10 Mbps, 15 Mbps, 20 Mbps or 25 Mbps                  |
| FAST     | VersaFEC Codec data rate (CCM) – 2.5 Mbps, 5 Mbps or 16 Mbps   |
| FAST     | VersaFEC Codec symbol rate (ACM) – 300 ksps, 1.2 Msps or<br>4.1 Msps   |
| FAST     | Open network – IBS with high rate IBS ESC, IDR and audio   |
| FAST     | D&I / D&I++ for single Port T1/E1  |
| FAST     | D&I++ For Quad E1 Port 2, 3 and 4  |
| FAST     | Quality of Service (requires Packet Processor)   |
| FAST     | Header Compression (requires Packet Processor)   |
| FAST     | Payload Compression (requires Packet processor)  |
| FAST     | Advanced Network Timing (IEEE 1588v2 PTP)  |

#### Accessories

| CRS-170A   | 1:1 Modem Redundancy Switch (L-Band)     |
|------------|--|
| CRS-180    | 1:1 Modem Redundancy Switch (70/140 MHz) |
| CRS-300    | 1:10 Modem Redundancy Switch             |
|            | (Not available with Packet Processor)    |
| CRS-280    | 1:10 IF Redundancy Switch (70/140 MHz)   |
| CRS-280L   | 1:10 IF Redundancy Switch (L-Band)       |
| CRS-500    | 1:N Modem Redundancy System              |
|            | (For use with Packet Processor Only)     |
| CRS-282XXX | 1:10 IF Redundancy Switch                |
|            | (For use with CRS-500)                   |

#### Environmental and Physical

| Temperature                                  | Operating: 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F)  |
|--|---|
|  | Storage: -40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)   |
| Humidity                                     | 95% maximum, non-condensing   |
| Power Supply                                 | 100 – 240 VAC, +6%/-10%, 50/60 Hz, auto sensing<br>-24 VDC (HW option)<br>-48 VDC (HW option)   |
| Power Consumption                            | 48 W (typical with TPC/LDPC Codec and Carrier-in-<br>Carrier module installed), 55 W (max.)<br>60 W (typical with TPC/LDPC Codec, Packet<br>Processor and Carrier-in-Carrier module installed), 67<br>W max.<br>280 W (typical with TPC/LDPC Codec, Carrier-in-<br>Carrier module and 48 VDC BUC power supply<br>installed), 300 W (max.) |
| Dimensions (1RU)<br>(height x width x depth) | 1.75" x 19.0" x 17.65"<br>(4.4 x 48 x 44.8 cm) approximate  |
| Weight                                       | 10.8 lbs (4.9 kg) maximum, with all option modules and<br>48 VDC BUC power supply installed   |
| CE Mark                                      | EN 301 489-1 (ERM)<br>EN55022 (Emissions)<br>EN55024 (Immunity)<br>EN 61000-3-2<br>EN 61000-3-3<br>EN60950 (Safety)   |
| FCC  | FCC Part 15, Subpart B  |



2114 West 7th Street, Tempe, Arizona 85281 USA

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